Commercial and Institutional Bioheat in Canada

Insights from the Canadian Bioheat Database 2023

Visit the Dashboard @ torchlightbioresources.com/canadian-bioheat-database



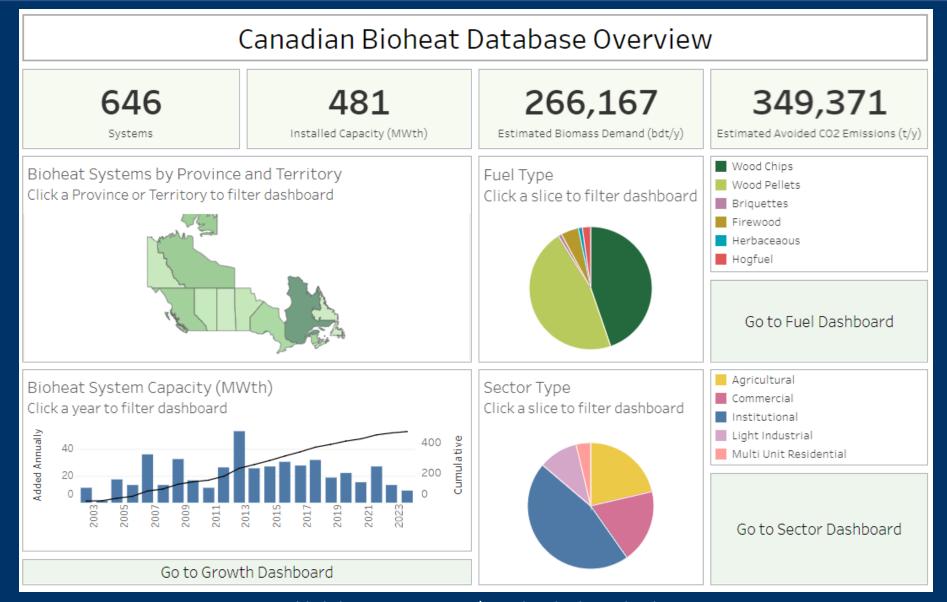


Canadian Bioheat Database

- Established in 2014, funded by CanmetENERGY until 2023 (CFS working on next update)
- Commercial and institutional bioheat systems 50 kW 5 MW (now no upper limit)
 - Commercial
 - Institutional
 - Multiunit Residential
 - Small Industrial
 - Agriculture (Farm, Greenhouse)
- Online searches, phone calls, emails, regular contributors
- Interactive dashboard created in 2023

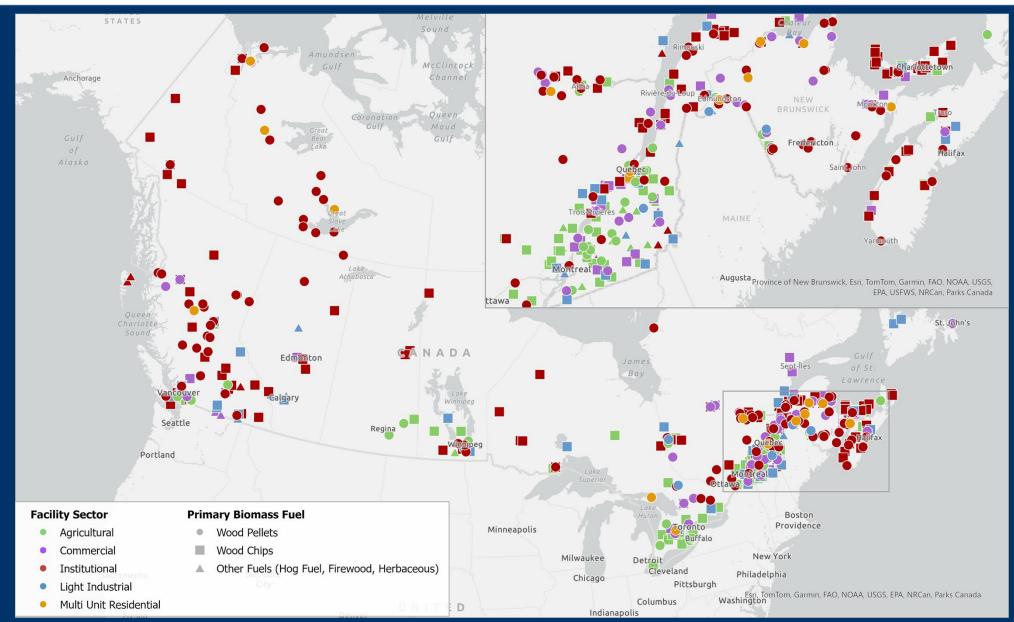


Interactive Bioheat Dashboard





Commercial Institutional Bioheat





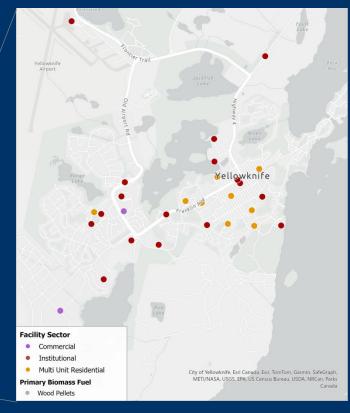
Regional Bioheat Development

- Variation across provinces, regions in
 - Number of systems
 - Fuel type/format
 - Sector
- Regionally clustered development driven by:
 - Provincial policies, procurement programs (QC, PEI, NB, NS)
 - Lack of affordable heating alternatives (no natural gas)
 - Available fuel and established supply chains
 - Federal support (rural and remote communities, agriculture)
 - Regional technology suppliers, champions



Northwest Territories





- GNWT replaced oil/diesel with wood pellet heat in government buildings reduce emissions, save money
- Wood pellet supply chains (AB supply) established
- Private sector buildings switching with supply, knowledge established
- Local contractors now supply and install biomass heating systems
- Confidence in supply!

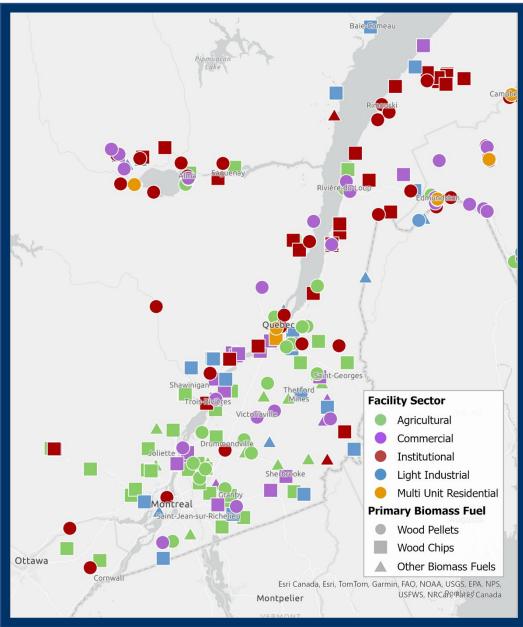


NWT Pellet Delivery Infrastructure





Southeastern Quebec

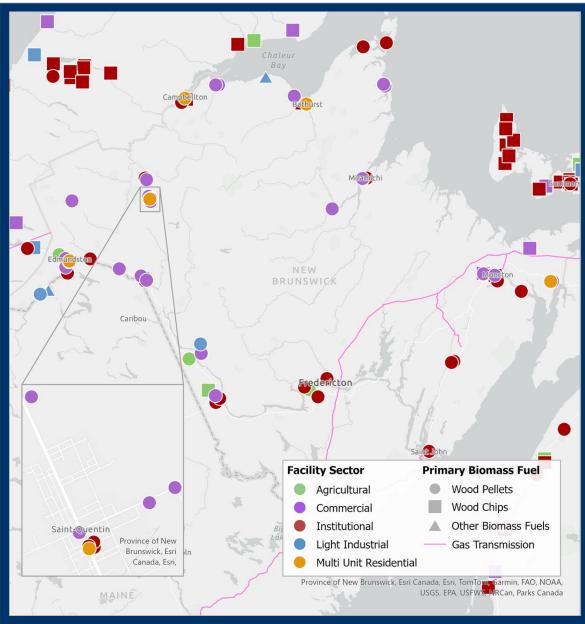


- Mix of fuel types, sectors, boiler manufacturers.
- Lots of private agricultural (poultry barns, greenhouses), commercial, small industrial.
- Capital support from Government of Quebec (Residual Forest Biomass Program, others).
- Wood chips supplied by **forestry cooperatives**.





New Brunswick

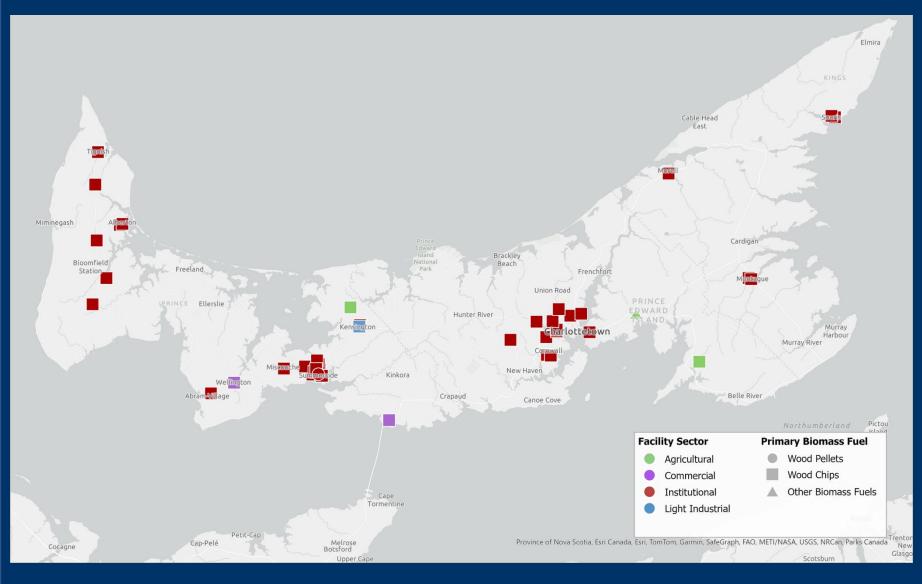


- Almost exclusively wood pellets, produced in NB
- First systems in provincial buildings (e.g., hospitals, schools).
- Supply chain established, commercial followed, capital grants generally limited.
- No natural gas outside cities, high-cost heat.





Prince Edward Island



- Wood chips from sawmills, forest management
- Chips prioritized b/c no pellet production in PEI
- Provincial Procurement most large schools,
 hospitals other provincial
 buildings use bioheat
- No natural gas
- Province adopted regulations that allow installation of EU certified boilers

Ingredients for Successful Bioheat Installations

- Work with experienced company / supplier, reputable manufacturer
- Sustainable, reliable supply of biomass
 - Choice of pellets or chips often driven by priorities of supplier
 - E.g., woodland owners prioritize chips
- Bioheat system designed for locally available biomass
- Champion to push project forward, apply for grants, etc.
- Access to capital grants, incentives, etc.
- Community acceptance / engagement
- Desire to do something different e.g. lower energy costs, improve energy security, boost local economy, create jobs, reduce wildfire risk,